

PROGRAM

Guidelines

Trees are a valuable resource to the property owners and citizens of Salina. To offset the loss of trees, the City of Salina Parks & Recreation Department is offering a tree planting cost-share program. This program was initiated by the Salina Tree Advisory Board. These trees can be planted on street parking or private land. The following stipulations will apply to this program:

1. The tree must be a species from the recommended list.
2. The site must be approved by the City Forester.
3. Each landowner is allowed two (2) trees.
4. The City will provide half the cost of the tree up to \$25 per tree.
5. The City will provide half the cost up to \$50 per tree for the trees indicated by **"bold black"** print. These trees do well in Salina, but are seldom planted.
6. Due to limited funding, this program is on a first-come, first-serve basis.

If you would like to participate in this program, please contact the City Forester at 826-7275.

Your site will be inspected and a tree size will be suggested from the recommended tree list. You then purchase and plant a tree. Once the tree is planted, contact the Forester and the planting will be inspected for approval and cost-sharing.

If you have any questions about this program or need information on trees, please contact the City Forester at the number listed below.

Salina's urban forest has been in a state of decline for many years due in part to the effects of Dutch Elm Disease, natural mortality of old, mature trees, and environmental impact that man creates in the urban environment.

A key element to reversing this decline is planting more trees than are being lost. It is essential to plant the right tree in the right place. By planting long living trees that are adapted to the area, there is assurance that these trees will be around for a long time.

Be sure to consider the following when making your tree selections:

1. How trees fit into your landscape design
2. The above ground space available for the canopy
3. The below ground space available for roots

826-7275

4. The presence of overhead utilities
5. Soil p.H., fertility, and drainage
6. Tree form or shape
7. The color — flowers, foliage, and bark
8. The resistance to disease and insects
9. The growth rate and life expectancy and
10. The site exposure.

Street Tree Planting Permit Process

When planting trees in the right of way, a permit is required. Right of way is generally the space located between the sidewalk and the curb. In areas where there is a curbside sidewalk or no sidewalk, the right of way may be 15-20 feet back from the curb. If in question, the Forester can help with the location of the right of way.

There are 5 standards which must be met to plant in the right of way:

1. Tree(s) must be from the current recommended list or approved by the Forester.
2. Only small tree(s) may be planted under or near overhead power lines.
3. Distance between the curb and sidewalk must be as follows:
 - (a) small trees - 4 feet
 - (b) medium trees - 6 feet
 - (c) large trees - 8 feet
4. Distance from fire hydrants - 10 feet
5. Distance from street corners and signage to be determined by the Forester.

Procedure: Residents must submit a permit for planting in the right of way to the City Forester or the Parks and Recreation Office. Permit applications will be available at these locations and all nursery stock providers. Permit applications will be reviewed by the Forester for approval PRIOR to planting. Included in the review will be a site visit to verify the location. The Forester will then make a follow-up visit after tree(s) are planted to ensure compliance with the requirements.

There is no fee for the permit.

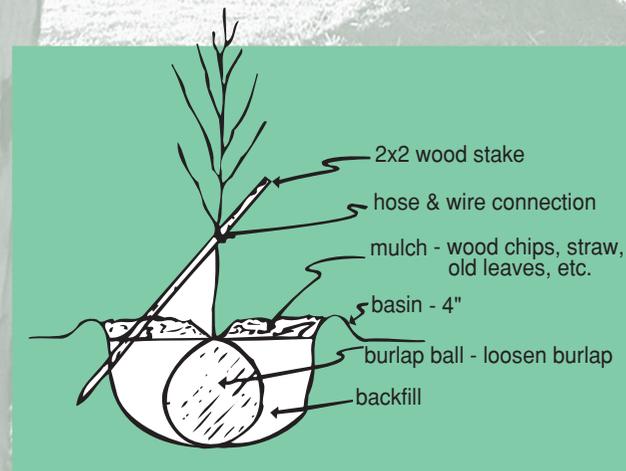


"People who will not sustain trees will soon live in a world which cannot sustain people." - (Bryce Nelson, F. A. Bartlett Tree Expert Co.)

A tree properly located around your home can: Reduce air conditioning needs by 50% • Reduce winter heating up to 25% • Cool rooms in a house up to 20° F. - (City Trees, Society of Municipal Arborists)

planting

Next to selection, planting is the most important step in the successful establishment of a tree. The drawing below shows a properly planted tree. Trees may be planted in the late fall or early spring. Once planted, the tree should be watered thoroughly and then watered whenever the soil becomes dry. The first year the tree is planted, it should be watered routinely, but not over watered. The second year, watering should be reduced and the stake removed. Fertilizer may be used to stimulate growth the third year.



While these trees will grow on the right site, for various reasons, they will not be cost-shared.

Recommended

But Not Cost-Shared

	Ht	Sp	Site	pH Tol.	Comments
Ornamental Pear:					
Chanticleer	35'	15'	Sun	Fair	Good for narrow spaces
Aristocrat	35'	25'	Sun	Fair	White flower
Capital	30'	12'	Sun	Fair	White flower
Black Walnut	75'	50'	Full/Pt. Sun	Good	Not useable as street tree
Persimmon	50'	30'	Sun	Good	Fruit is messy
Northern Red Oak	60'	40'	Sun	Poor	Good fall color
Shingle Oak	60'	50'	Sun	Poor	Leaves persist in winter /needs low pH
Swamp White Oak	50'	40'	Sun	Poor	Needs lots of space & low pH
White Oak	60'	60'	Sun	Poor	Needs lots of space & low pH
Baldcypress	60'	20'	Sunny /wet	Poor	Pyramidal shape/ deciduous conifer
Evergreen					
Eastern Redcedar	45'	20'	Sun	Good	Good for screening & year long color
Juniper, Keteleeri	15'	10'	Sun	Good	Good for screening & year long color
Blue Spruce	45'	20'	Sun	Good	Good for screening & year long color
Black Hills Spruce	40'	40'	Sun	Good	Good for screening & year long color

If you have any questions about trees, feel free to contact the City Forester at 826-7275.

Additional information on trees and tree care may be obtained from the local Horticulture Extension Agent located in Room #111 of the City-County Building.

Prepared by:

**SALINA TREE ADVISORY BOARD
&
SALINA PARKS & RECREATION DEPT.**

300 W. Ash, Rm. #100 — Salina, KS 67401
(785) 826-7275



City of Salina



Tree Planting

Cost Share Program

2007